

EXPECTED RESULTS FROM THE IMPLEMENTATION OF ADMINISTRATIVE REFORMS

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With the advent of mankind, he has been trying to take advantage of all the things and actions that he wants to carry out. What a person wants or wants to achieve, Of course, has been starting to carry out work on the plan after him, bringing his own plan to its implementation. It should be added that any conscious being lives in pursuit of a certain goal. In the universe as we know it, humans are the only conscious being, so long as we compare the state to man, because the society formed in the state is also made up of humans, which in conscious clarity come together and move forward towards a common goal. After independence, Uzbekistan also developed specific plans adapted to the market economy in all areas. But all these plans were developed based on the politics, economy and spirituality of that time, twenty-five years passed between them, the plans of that time were outdated, therefore, reforms in all areas, that is, new plans, began to be implemented. Including in the administrative sphere, reforms have become one of the most fundamental goals, since it was the sphere of the state mechanism with the factual circumstances that make our sphere the most limp and affect all spheres equally.

To implement administrative reforms, the president of the Republic of Uzbekistan Sh.M.On the initiative of Mirziyoev, the Presidential Decree PF-5185 "on approval of the concept of administrative reforms in the Republic of Uzbekistan" was signed on September 8, 2017, according to which the concept of administrative reforms in the Republic of Uzbekistan was approved. The concept listed several undeniable problems in the administrative sphere in our state, in the field of Public Administration, and in order to eliminate them, the issues of implementing administrative reforms were set by the state as its goal. We will not be mistaken if we show that this concept is currently the main support of the state in the implementation of Administrative Reforms.

As we have already shown, the main goal of the state in implementing administrative reforms is development, improving the way of life of its citizens and, of course, ensuring the great future of the state, this action should serve as a strong foundation for the great future. Therefore, even greater results are expected from the implementation of these administrative reforms.

State to ensure the full implementation of Administrative Reforms, socio-political and socio-economic development the creation of a system of Public Administration capable of timely identification and effective solution of its problems, responding to Universal trends in innovation development , including through the following: if

optimization and decentralization of the public administration system is achieved due to the elimination, repetition and termination of parallelism of an excessive and non-specific task, function and powers, then a misunderstanding between the executive bodies of the state that existed until then, it is not clear which state body the powers belong to, or inconsistencies in the exercise of one, the imposition of gross powers on a single public body beyond the Haad, and thus the functioning of that public body is put an end to the circumstances that have led to the fact that it remains well regulated. The implementation of this goal was initiated by our state, which can be seen in the adoption of regulatory legal acts that clearly regulate the organization of various new ministries or the activities of several state bodies. An example of this is the adoption of the law "on internal affairs bodies", the organization of the Ministry of transport of the Republic of Uzbekistan, or the specific tasks of which have not been known to this day, which should be regulated in our state for many years; if the issue of keeping Public Administration free of bureaucracy and reducing its spending, increasing the efficiency and transparency of the functioning of the management decision-making system gives results, then the state will put an end to meetings, paperwork, not for the development of the state only to work for statistics or in the shahsiy interest, state bodies are given States without studying the environment In this direction, several visible works are carried out in our state, and all spheres and places of our state are being examined one by one, while officials are also studying problems only by going to places "not sitting in the course" trying to positively treat problems at this place; if the plan for the implementation of a system of strategic planning, innovation ideas, developments and technologies is implemented, each state body will develop "road maps" for development in any area and implement plans for this, innovation ideas when implemented, the development of entrepreneurs is observed in our state, and through it the lifestyle of citizens is further improved, with the introduction of developments and technologies, our state bodies and citizens will be able to quickly and accurately perform various activities, thereby also serving to reduce corruption on the one hand. These plans have already begun to pay off, that is, the Ministry of innovation development of Uzbekistan has been established, and this state body has been helping to implement various ideas of innovation in our citizens and is conducting competitions of a raw nature for this purpose; while the work is carried out to further shorten the administrative impact on the sectors of the economy and to develop a healthy competitive environment of management, expand market mechanisms aimed at increasing the investment attractiveness of the country and the activity of the population, the management of quasi-enterprises will be able to reduce the state impact on such enterprises through gradual privatization, by creating equal opportunities for all types of entrepreneurs and providing incentives with a number of benefits, an end to monopolization in all sectors of the economy and an increase in the number of jobs,

rapid and rapid development of areas, the development of which is slow and requires material resources by attracting investments to the state is achieved. One example of such reforms is the establishment of the Ministry of investment of the Republic of Uzbekistan in our state; in order to introduce effective forms of public and parliamentary control aimed, above all, at preventing corruption manifestations, the state must take strict measures to combat corruption by carrying out these directions with legal regulation. Our state, before the start of Administrative Reforms on this issue, gave the citizens control over their legal rights and the non-violation of the rights of other citizens, while the parliament gave the right to control over the legal implementation of affairs in any area by adopting konun "on parliamentary control" in 2016, followed by konun "on public control" in 2018. This in turn serves to reduce cases of corruption and violations of laws by the state body.

All of the listed plans are expected changes in the field of Public Administration, the creation of impressive mechanisms for ensuring the rights and freedoms of citizens, their well-being and from the activities of executive authorities further increases in satisfaction, including through: administrative aimed at accurately regulating the legal relations of state bodies with individuals and legal entities the need to improve procedures is such that now this direction does not fully meet legal and modern requirements. As an example, entrepreneurs working in the field of providing a car service had to study at the central apparatus of the licensing state body for a certain period of time in order to obtain a license, take an exam and wait for a license to be issued. Now the issuance of a license is carried out in the Centers of the territory, which saves both the business time and the cost of the entrepreneur. This is only an example of work in one direction of this reform, and such examples can be cited in many ways;

By improving the procedure for appealing decisions and actions of executive authorities, developing the system of Administrative Justice, which provides for the introduction of mechanisms for collegial hearing of Appeals of individuals and legal entities, the state reduces its influence on all citizens and entrepreneurs, thereby giving them freedom and creating conditions for development. The purpose of the state to reform the Ushba direction was that complaints and appeals of individuals and legal entities over the activities of executive state bodies had increased in the state, therefore, it became a priority to regulate this direction and ensure justice and legitimacy in making decisions and taking actions;

Improving the efficiency of the provision of public services through the improvement of the " e-government " system has become very necessary, since technologies are developing, work is accelerating, all information is circulating in an electric way, so that citizens have been required to save their time and state bodies perform their tasks more qualitatively. With all this in mind, now a state service agency has been established in our state, this state body carries out the provision of all public

services, now individuals and legal entities do not sit by contacting the state body to carry out their actions in obtaining references, carrying out entrepreneurial work, etc., and managed to quickly and qualitatively use all public services in one place. A similar practice is carried out in the Russian Federation, and taking the figure of this in 2014, the provision of public services in the Russian Federation in the same year is 10% more than expected, that is, 81.2 % . So it can be effective to transfer the provision of public services to such a form, and now it is believed that this direction of reform has paid off; the issue of ensuring the rule of law in society has been one of the most fundamental and pressing issues in all democratic states, after all, as long as this issue does not come true, there is also no need to think about all other issues. Therefore, when the rule of law is ensured in society, any type of corruption, bureaucracy is put to an end, violation of the rights of individuals and legal entities is not allowed, and this serves the prosperity of the state.

In place of the conclusion, it can be said that in the state administration of the Republic of Uzbekistan, the linkage with individuals and legal entities has changed for the better, which provides its own significant level of assistance in solving problems in public administration. It should be said that, ultimately, as a result of the effective implementation of Administrative Reforms, the idea that "the people should serve our people, and not government agencies," should be fully implemented into life. We will not be mistaken if we say that administrative reforms have already begun to give their results.

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