

METHOD FOR PREDICTING PREMATURE LEAVAGE OF AMBITIONAL FLUID WITH DETERMINATION OF SPECIFIC SIGNAL MOLECULES IN BUCCAL EPITHELIA

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RELEVANCE OF THE PROBLEM Premature rupture of amniotic fluid (PROM) is one of the most common complications of pregnancy (from 8.3 to 19.7%) and is one of the main reasons for the high percentage of surgical delivery, obstetric trauma and neonatal complications. The prognosis for the outcome of childbirth is quite unfavorable when PIOV occurs against the background of a “ripening” or “immature” cervix. The development of non-invasive methods for predicting PIOV in order to reduce perinatal morbidity and mortality is very important. Purpose of the study: verification of key signaling molecules that ensure the integrity of the membranes in the buccal epithelium with the subsequent development of possible biomarkers non-invasive prediction of PIOV.

MATERIALS AND METHODS OF RESEARCH A comparative study of the expression of vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF), metalloproteinase-9 (MMP 9), connexin-37, connexin-40, endorphins, enkephalins, actin, myosin in the buccal epithelium and fetal membranes of 50 patients of the main group was carried out (with PIOV) and in 50 patients of the control group (with timely rupture of amniotic fluid) at the Federal State Budgetary Institution "NIAGiR named after. BEFORE. Otta." The study of fetal membranes and buccal epithelium was carried out using primary monoclonal mouse antibodies to the studied markers. A universal kit containing biotinylated anti-mouse immunoglobulins. The preparations were studied using an OLYMPUS confocal microscope FLUOVIEW FV 1000 (OLYMPUS, Japan) at $\times 400$ and $\times 1000$ magnification using an MRC-1024 system equipped with the OLYMPUS computer processing program FLUOVIEW 5.0.

RESEARCH RESULTS When conducting a comparative assessment of the optical density of the expression of signaling molecules, it was found that the expression of MMP 9 was significantly higher in the group with PIOV compared to the control group both in the buccal epithelium (1.7498 ± 0.009598 and 0.952 ± 0.009943) and in the membranes (1.941 ± 0.011 and 1.223 ± 0.016), $p < 0.001$. The optical density of VEGF expression in patients with PIOV is significantly lower than in patients with timely rupture of amniotic fluid, both in the buccal epithelium (2.169 ± 0.009 and 2.605 ± 0.017) and in the fetal membranes (1.235 ± 0.01 and 1.712 ± 0.009), $p < 0.001$. A significant decrease in the optical density of the expression of

connexin-37 and connexin-40 was also obtained in the group with PIOV compared with the control group both in the buccal epithelium (0.849 ± 0.019 and 1.706 ± 0.014 ; 1.222 ± 0.008 and 2.32 ± 0.014) and in membranes (1.729 ± 0.024 and 2.23 ± 0.009 ; 0.908 ± 0.01 and 2.051 ± 0.007), $p < 0.001$. There was no significant difference in the optical density of endorphin and myosin expression in the group with PIOV compared to the control group. The optical density of enkephalin expression in the group with PIOV in the buccal epithelium is lower (1.946 ± 0.013 and 2.103 ± 0.015), and in the fetal membranes is higher than in the control group (1.667 ± 0.013 and 1.401 ± 0.011), $p < 0.001$. The optical density of actin in the buccal epithelium in PIOV is higher than in the control group (0.417 ± 0.02 and 0.304 ± 0.01), $p < 0.001$, and in the fetal membranes it is lower than in the control group (0.599 ± 0.012 and 1.392 ± 0.021), $p < 0.001$. To make it possible to use signaling molecules of the buccal epithelium as IHC markers for predicting PIOV, the correlation coefficients of the optical density of the expression of molecules in the buccal epithelium and fetal membranes were calculated. Significant correlations of the optical density of MMP 9 expression in the buccal epithelium with the optical density of MMP 9 expression in the fetal membranes were obtained both in the group with PIOV (correlation coefficient - 0.763) and in the control group (correlation coefficient - 0.702). Significant correlations of the optical density of VEGF expression in the buccal epithelium with the optical density of VEGF expression in the fetal membranes were also obtained both in the group with PIOV (correlation coefficient - 0.752) and in the control group (correlation coefficient - 0.706). Reliable correlations of the optical density of expression of other molecules (connexin-37, connexin-40, endorphins, enkephalins, actin, myosin) in the buccal epithelium with the optical density of expression of the same molecules in the fetal membranes have not been obtained.

CONCLUSIONS As a result of the conducted studies, signaling molecules in the buccal epithelium and fetal membranes were verified. Significant differences in the expression of MMP 9 and VEGF were obtained between the group with PIOV and the control group. High correlations were obtained between the optical density of expression of these molecules in the buccal epithelium and the optical density of expression of the same molecules in the fetal membranes both in the group with PIOV and in the control group. Thus, the research results allow us to recommend MMP 9 and VEGF as prognosis markers zirovaniye PIOV.

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