ОБРАЗОВАНИЕ НАУКА И ИННОВАЦИОННЫЕ ИДЕИ В МИРЕ



THE ESSENCE AND PURPOSE OF FOREIGN LANGUAGE LESSONS

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Abstract: The field goals of foreign language classes are to develop students' ability to read, speak, speak and translate the necessary languages, to acquire knowledge of history and culture, to prepare for work in knowledge and diplomacy. These courses have an important tourism in global communication, knowledge and management, students in a wide field. Foreign language classes have a multifaceted impact on individuals, from practical and professional benefits to personal growth and global understanding. Learning foreign languages can be a life-enriching journey in many ways.

Key words: Language, literature, pronunciation, process.

Foreign language classes are classes that allow an individual or a community to learn another language. These lessons target the students to interpret, listen and know the objectives in the necessary languages.

The help of foreign language classes can be determined by the main indicators:

Language learning of language knowledge: Students in foreign language studies, learning about language grammar, lexicon, recommendations and systematization, language general knowledge and other important language-related issues. These lessons prepare students to produce the desired language accurately and efficiently.

Development of communication: In foreign language classes, students learn to listen, speak and recover language resources. Through these lessons, students learn to express their thoughts, communicate, translate and write texts in the appropriate languages.

Development of culture and knowledge: In foreign language classes, the history students learn is related to and approaches the general culture and knowledge of languages. These lessons introduce students to the language of living literature, art, music, cinematography, historical events, and more.

Preparation for work in translation and diplomatic service: One goal of the foreign language course is to prepare students for work in translation and diplomatic service. Through these classes, students learn to translate the necessary languages, communicate with scientific aids and take security measures with others, diplomatic assistance.

Here are some additional thoughts about the essence and importance of foreign language lessons:





Academic and professional opportunities: Learning a foreign language opens up a wide range of academic and professional opportunities. It increases a person's competitiveness in the labor market, particularly in areas such as international business, translation and interpreting, diplomacy, tourism and academia. Knowing a foreign language can lead to interesting career prospects and the ability to work in diverse cultural environments.

Cognitive benefits: Foreign language classes have been shown to have cognitive benefits. Learning a new language exercises the brain and improves memory, problem solving and multitasking. It boosts creativity and critical thinking and may even delay the onset of age-related cognitive decline.

Cultural understanding and empathy: Language and culture are deeply intertwined. By learning a foreign language, people gain an understanding of the customs, traditions, values, and perspectives of different cultures. It fosters intercultural understanding, empathy and appreciation of diversity. It enables people to communicate more meaningfully with people of different nationalities and promotes intercultural communication and cooperation.

Personal growth and expanded perspectives: extensive study of a foreign language

Improve communication skills: Foreign language classes improve communication skills not only in the target language, but also in the native language. Language learners develop strong listening skills, improve oral expression, and improve overall communication skills. They become more effective communicators, able to express themselves more clearly and negotiate meaning in different contexts.

Travel and cultural immersion: Speaking a foreign language enhances the travel experience. It allows people to interact with local people, travel to unfamiliar places and immerse themselves in the local culture. A trip becomes more enriching and authentic when it is possible to communicate directly with the people and customs of a foreign country.

Appreciation of literature and art: Learning a foreign language allows people to experience rich literature, poetry, music, movies and other artistic expressions in their original form. This allows for a deeper understanding of cultural and artistic nuances that can sometimes be lost in translation. Engaging with foreign language literature and art provides unique insights into different societies and their creative contributions.

Foreign language classes have a multifaceted impact on individuals, from practical and professional benefits to personal growth and global understanding. Learning foreign languages can be a life-enriching journey in many ways.

Language Levels: Foreign language classes usually follow a structured curriculum that progresses through different proficiency levels. These levels are often aligned with internationally recognized systems such as the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR). Qualification levels range from





beginner (A1) to advanced (C2) and cover various sub-levels in between. As students' progress through the stages, they gain a deeper understanding of the language and master all language skills.

Developing language skills: Foreign language classes focus on developing four basic language skills: listening, speaking, reading and writing. These skills are usually taught in a balanced manner, ensuring that students are proficient in all areas. Listening and speaking activities help improve comprehension, pronunciation and conversational fluency. Reading activities increase vocabulary, reading comprehension, and exposure to different writing styles. Writing exercises strengthen grammar, sentence structure, and written expression.

Interactive and Immersive Approaches: Effective foreign language classes often use interactive and immersive teaching methods. These may include role plays, group discussions, language games, audiovisual materials and authentic cultural materials. Immersion programs in which students are exposed to the target language in real-life settings are especially valuable for rapid language acquisition. Such approaches create an engaging and dynamic learning environment that encourages active participation and interaction.

Technology and Online Learning: With the advancement of technology, learning foreign languages has become more accessible through online platforms and language learning apps. These platforms offer interactive exercises, virtual classrooms, multimedia resources and opportunities for language practice with native speakers. Online learning provides flexibility in pace and schedule, allowing students to tailor their language learning journey to their specific needs and preferences.

Language tests: Most foreign language classes are designed to prepare students for language tests. These exams assess the student's language skills and provide an internationally recognized certificate of their level of proficiency. Common examples are: TOEFL (Test of English as a Foreign Language), IELTS (International System of English Language Testing), DELE (Diploma of Spanish as a Foreign Language) and DELF/DALF (Diplômes d'Études en Langue Française/Diplômes Approfondis) de Langue Française) for French. Achieving high scores on these exams can improve your academic and career prospects.

Cultural Exchange and Study Abroad Programs: Foreign language classes often facilitate cultural exchange and study abroad opportunities. Students may have the opportunity to participate in exchange programs where they spend a semester or year abroad, immersing themselves in the language and culture. These experiences allow students to apply their language skills in real-life situations and gain direct exposure to the language, allowing them to gain a deeper understanding of the host culture.

Lifelong Learning: Learning a foreign language is a lifelong journey. Even after formal language classes, people can continue to expand their language skills through



self-study, conversation practice, reading, and exposure to authentic materials. Language learners can join language clubs, chat groups or online language communities to maintain and improve their skills. Lifelong learning enables people to maintain language skills and stay connected to the global community.

Foreign language classes offer a systematic and comprehensive approach to language learning, with an emphasis on skill development, cultural understanding and practical application. Whether for personal enrichment, academic research, career advancement, or travel experience, learning a foreign language has the ability to open doors and expand horizons in a rapidly interconnected world.

Language-specific challenges: Different languages pose unique challenges for learners. Some languages have grammatical structures or pronunciation rules that are significantly different from the learner's native language. For example, tonal languages such as Mandarin Chinese require mastery of tone patterns, while languages with complex verb conjugation systems such as Spanish or Arabic require careful attention to verb forms. Understanding and overcoming these language-specific challenges is an important part of the learning process.

Cultural competence: Learning foreign languages goes hand in hand with the development of cultural competence. Language is closely related to culture, and learning a language involves gaining an understanding of the cultural practices, customs, traditions, and social norms of the people who speak it. Cultural competence enables students to manage intercultural interactions with sensitivity and respect, avoid misunderstandings, and develop meaningful relationships.

Language for specific purposes: Some people learn a foreign language for specific purposes related to their professional or academic goals. For example, medical professionals can learn a foreign language in order to communicate with patients of different languages. Likewise, researchers may learn a foreign language to access primary sources or to collaborate with scholars from other countries. Language for Special Purpose (LSP) programs address these special language needs.

Translation and Interpreting: Knowing a foreign language can lead to translation and interpreting opportunities. Translators translate written texts from one language to another, and a translator facilitates real-time spoken communication. These roles require not only language skills, but also a deep understanding of cultural nuances and the ability to convey meaning accurately. Language learners interested in translation and interpreting can pursue specialized education and certification programs.

Language Teaching and Linguistics: Some language learners themselves develop a passion for language learning and choose to become language teachers or study linguistics. They may study language teaching theories and methodologies, conduct research on language acquisition, or contribute to the development of language learning

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materials and curricula. Language teaching and linguistics offer pathways for those interested in the science and pedagogy of language learning.

Language conservation and endangered languages: Language learning can play a crucial role in the preservation of endangered languages. Many languages around the world are at risk of extinction as they face pressure from dominant languages. Linguists and linguists can actively contribute to language preservation efforts by studying and documenting endangered languages, working with communities to revive language use, and promoting language knowledge and appreciation.

Language exchange and tandem learning: Language learners often engage in language exchange or tandem learning, where they collaborate with native speakers of the language they are learning. This mutually beneficial arrangement allows learners to practice their conversational skills and helps their partners practice the learner's native language. Language exchange platforms and language meetings facilitate language learning collaboration.

Learning foreign languages is a dynamic and multifaceted process that offers many opportunities for personal and professional development. It enhances intercultural understanding, opens doors to new experiences, and enables effective communication on a global scale. Whether for practical purposes, intellectual curiosity, or personal growth, learning a foreign language remains valuable and enriching.

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