



THE WAYS OF IMPROVING LISTENING SKILLS OF A1 LEVEL LEARNERS

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The main purpose of this study was to investigate the effect of listening comprehension of A1 learners. We often think of speaking and writing as the most challenging of the four language skills but what about the receptive skills? With reading, learners have time to think, but listening in another language presents a very different set of challenges for the learner. How often have we heard learners complain "it's too fast" Teaching English listening skills to A1 learners is a foundational and crucial aspect of their language acquisition journey. It is essential to tailor listening activities to their beginner level, focusing on simple vocabulary, basic grammar structures, and familiar contexts. By incorporating engaging and interactive listening exercises, educators can effectively support A1 learners in developing their auditory comprehension and spoken language abilities.

Activities such as picture dictation, listen and match exercises, story sequencing, guess the sound games, and listen and repeat tasks can be particularly beneficial for A1 learners. These activities not only enhance listening proficiency but also help reinforce vocabulary retention, sentence structure, and pronunciation.

Creating a supportive learning environment where A1 learners feel encouraged to engage actively in listening tasks is key. By providing clear instructions, using visual aids, offering repetition when necessary, and giving positive reinforcement, educators can boost learners' confidence and motivation in improving their English listening skills.

A1 learners in English refer to individuals who are at the beginner level of proficiency in the language. In the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR), A1 is the most basic level indicating a very limited ability to communicate in English. Learners at this stage typically possess minimal vocabulary, basic grammar knowledge, and limited understanding of simple phrases and expressions.

A1 learners are generally able to:

1. Understand and use familiar everyday expressions and very basic phrases aimed at the satisfaction of concrete needs.





2. Introduce themselves and others, ask and answer questions about personal details such as where they live, people they know, and things they have.

3. Engage in simple conversations provided the other person talks slowly and clearly and is prepared to help.

4. Understand simple instructions, public announcements, and basic information in familiar contexts.

5. Write short, simple notes or messages related to familiar topics.

A1 learners are at the initial stages of language acquisition where building foundational vocabulary and basic communication skills is crucial. Their focus is on understanding and producing fundamental spoken and written English in everyday situations.

Certainly, A1 level learners can listen. At the A1 level, learners have basic listening skills that allow them to understand simple and familiar phrases, expressions, and instructions in English. While their listening abilities may be limited to short, predictable conversations and phrases, they can still grasp the general meaning of straightforward language.

A1 level learners can understand common words and phrases related to personal information, daily routines, immediate needs, and familiar topics like family, shopping, food, and transportation. They may struggle with more complex sentences, rapid speech, or unfamiliar vocabulary, but with practice and exposure to the language, their listening skills can progressively improve.

It's important to provide A1 level learners with audio materials and activities tailored to their proficiency level, ensuring that the language input is clear, slow, and reinforces basic vocabulary and structures. By engaging in regular listening practice, using simple audio resources, and incorporating listening comprehension exercises, A1 level learners can enhance their listening skills over time.

Improving listening skills for A1 level English learners can be a rewarding journey. Here are some effective ways to help them enhance their listening abilities:

1. Use Simple and Clear Audio Materials: Utilize audio materials that are specifically designed for beginners, such as basic dialogues, simple stories, songs, or podcasts with slow and clear speech.

2. Listening Comprehension Exercises: After listening to a passage, provide exercises that focus on comprehension, such as answering questions, filling in the blanks, or true/false statements related to the content.

3. Regular Practice: Consistent practice is essential for improvement. Encourage students to listen to English regularly through short listening tasks or activities to help them become more comfortable with the language.

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4. Active Listening Techniques: Teach students how to actively listen by asking them to summarize what they've heard, predict what might come next, or ask questions about the content.

5. Pre-teach Vocabulary: Introduce key vocabulary before the listening activity to familiarize students with the words they will encounter, making it easier for them to understand the audio.

6. Practice Pronunciation: Encourage students to shadow or imitate the pronunciation and intonation of native speakers to improve their speaking and listening skills simultaneously.

7. Feedback and Correction: Provide constructive feedback on their listening performance, correct any misunderstandings, and encourage them to keep practicing.

8. Create a Supportive Learning Environment: Foster a positive and encouraging atmosphere in the classroom to boost students' confidence in listening and speaking English.

By incorporating these strategies into your teaching methods and tailoring them to the specific needs of A1 level English learners, you can help them make significant progress in their listening skills and overall English proficiency.

There are several engaging games that can help improve listening skills in a fun and interactive way. Here are some games specifically designed to enhance listening abilities:

1. Simon Says: In this classic game, one person gives commands starting with "Simon says" (e.g., "Simon says touch your nose"). Players must only follow the commands preceded by "Simon says." It requires attentive listening to differentiate between when to act and when not to.

2. Listen and Draw: Give verbal instructions to the players on what to draw without showing them the actual object. For example, "Draw a circle in the middle of the paper." This game encourages players to listen carefully and follow directions accurately.

3. Telephone Game: Whisper a message to the first person in a line, who then whispers it to the next person, and so on until the last person says the message out loud. Compare the initial message with the final version to see how accurately it was transmitted, highlighting the importance of attentive listening.

4. Sound Effects Storytelling: Play a short audio clip (e.g., a snippet of a story) without showing the video. Then, ask the players to create sound effects to narrate the story based solely on what they hear. This activity hones listening skills and encourages creativity.

5. Listening Bingo: Create Bingo cards with words or phrases related to the audio content. As students listen to a passage, they mark off the corresponding words on their Bingo cards. This game reinforces active listening and vocabulary recognition.



6. Musical Chairs with a Twist: Play music and have students walk around. When the music stops, call out a prompt (e.g., "Find someone who likes pizza"). Students must quickly find a classmate who fits the description through listening to the prompt.

These games not only make learning enjoyable but also provide valuable listening practice in various contexts. Incorporating interactive and engaging activities like these can be highly effective in improving listening skills while keeping learners motivated and entertained.

In conclusion, teaching English listening to A1 learners requires a patient and tailored approach that integrates relevant and accessible listening activities. By focusing on comprehension of basic vocabulary, phrases, and simple dialogues, educators can help A1 learners establish a strong foundation in listening and pave the way for further language development.

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