

## SOCIAL PROTECTION OF DISMISSED CITIZENS WITH MILITARY SERVICE AS A SOCIAL INSTITUTION

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### Annotation

The article examines the social protection of citizens dismissed from military service, as well as members of their families as a social institution that is in the process of formation in modern conditions. The main approaches to the study of this problem in the domestic sociological science are outlined. The main reasons for the dysfunction of social protection of Russian citizens dismissed from military service, as well as their family members, are revealed, the directions of its resolution are determined.

**Key words:** social protection / social protection of the military / citizens made redundant from military service and their family members / social institute

Social institutions are the most important components of the structure of society. It is the study of a social institution that makes it possible analyze in full the problems of social protection of servicemen, citizens dismissed from military service, identify interrelated, interdependent elements of the organizational structure of society that determine the form, content of this social institution as a kind the mechanism of organizing and managing the process of social protection of the studied category. In the meantime, there is no need to know about it. In sociological science, the concept of "social protection" has not yet received unambiguous interpretation. Various aspects of the theory and methodology of social defense reveal M.S. Matskovsky, P.D. Pavlenok, V.P. Fomina, E.I. Kholostov, V.S. Torokhtiy, T.F. Yarkina and other

Russian scientists. Issues of social protection of servicemen, citizens dismissed from military service, are considered in the works of I.V. Kvashnin,

A.V. Korovnikova, Yu.I. Migacheva, A.V. Mochaikina, R. Yu. Romanova, I.G. Skorokhodova, V.A. Titov and others.

In a broad sense, according to a number of scientists, social protection includes socio-economic, legal and spiritual components. For example, V.A. Titov notes:  
□ Social protection is a system of legal, social economic and political guarantees to ensure the conditions and means of existence of two main social groups:

□ able-bodied citizens - at the expense of personal labor input, economic independence and entrepreneurship;

In the meantime, there is no need to know about it. □

□ socially vulnerable groups - at the expense of the state, but not lower than the minimum subsistence level established by law □. In a narrow sense, social protection is defined as □ a system of legal social, economic, moral and psychological guarantees, means and measures carried out by the state, thanks to which conditions equal for members of society are created that prevent unfavorable the impacts of the external (social, natural, technogenic) environment on humans and ensuring a socially acceptable quality of their life. "

A universal definition of social protection is given by P.D. Pavlenok: □ Social protection is a system of priorities and mechanisms for the implementation of legislatively enshrined social, legal and economic guarantees of citizens, governing bodies of all levels, other institutions, as well as a system of social services designed to ensure a certain level of social protected helping to achieve a socially acceptable standard of living of the population in accordance with the specific conditions of social development □. In the meantime, there is no need to know about it.

Analysis of the basic definitions, elements of the structure of social institutions from the standpoint of a systematic approach makes it possible to consider social protection of citizens dismissed from military service as a social institution.

Development, improvement of the institution of social protection of military personnel Residents, citizens dismissed from military service, and their families should be supported by a well-thought-out state social policy. In the meantime, there is no need to know about it.

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