

INTERNATIONAL ETIQUETTE AND DIPLOMATIC PROTOCOL. DIPLOMATIC CONVERSATION AND CORRESPONDENCE

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Annotation: In this article you will learn about International etiquette and diplomatic protocol.

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INTRODUCTION

The concepts of protocol and etiquette apply not only to diplomacy. The main points of this knowledge have long become an integral part of a successful business . The advantages of knowing good etiquette and protocol skills are obvious, as they establish communication between foreign companies and help negotiate with the authorities as needed.

There are more than two hundred sovereign states on Earth, each of which takes one form or another, often reflecting the national ideas or religious beliefs of the population or for objective historical reasons has symbols. There is a verbal or verbal form of defining the state - this is its name. And it has a symbolic symbol - this is its coat of arms and flag. The state has a musical name - this is its anthem. Russia has a long history and has had its state symbols for many centuries. The double-headed eagle was the symbol of our country from the end of the 15th century to the beginning of the 20th century. It was the symbol of the Grand Duchy of Moscow, the Kingdom of Moscow, the Russian Empire, the Russian Republic in 1917, and the RSFSR before the adoption of a new coat of arms. There are documents of 17 and 18 years signed by Lenin with a double-headed eagle seal. The white-blue-red flag has been a symbol of Russia since the 17th century, when Tsar Alexei Mikhailovich created white-blue-red flags for the first Russian warship, the Orel. Thus, in 1991, a decision was made to restore the historical state symbols of our country, just as our country has preserved its historical name of Russia. Russia is a country that does not remember its history. at each stage of its development, new state symbols should appear. And we have to properly preserve our historical memory, which is mainly expressed in state symbols. Diplomatic protocol was officially approved in the 19th century at the Congress of Vienna (1814-1815). It is a set of universally recognized rules, traditions and

conventions that the heads of states and governments, foreign affairs departments, and diplomatic missions must follow officials in international relations.

Diplomatic protocol has a rich history, its own characteristics and traditions. But its foundation is a stable and unchanging expression of deep respect for the high-ranking foreign guest, the country and people he represents. The rules and norms of the diplomatic protocol developed to date regulate almost all forms of foreign policy and international economic cooperation. One of the integral components of diplomatic protocol is diplomatic etiquette. If diplomatic protocol is "an expression of good behavior in relations between states", then diplomatic etiquette is a manifestation of good behavior in relations between officials, political and public figures representing their country. Diplomats interact with their counterparts in government, public, and business circles according to long-established rules, deviations from which can lead to unwanted complications in the relationship. The rules of diplomatic etiquette contain a strict order of addressing, certain forms of correspondence, as well as visits, meetings and talks, diplomatic receptions, etc. They set strict requirements for the appearance of a diplomat, civil servant, businessman. their clothes, behavior, behavior, etc. The norms of diplomatic etiquette and protocol are based on the principle that every diplomat is supported by the country he represents. All states are sovereign and have equal rights and privileges in the practice of international relations. The principle of reciprocity is of great importance in diplomatic practice. Strict standards of diplomatic etiquette determine the mandatory rules of response (to a letter, note, sent business card, courtesy visit or greetings), the need to have introductory words in official correspondence (memoranda, letters). the beginning of a letter or note) and a final (at the end) compliment. Missed, seemingly formal compliments can be viewed as disrespectful or hostile and lead to international conflict. The norms of diplomatic etiquette are based on strict and unconditional compliance with the customs and rules of the receiving country, its legislation and established procedures. In fact, the rules of diplomatic etiquette only complement the rules of general civil etiquette, which are fully applicable to all diplomats.

The principle of respect, the principle of superiority, the principle of reciprocity and the principle of sovereignty are widely used in diplomatic etiquette. For example, polite gestures or "missing" compliments are intentionally disrespectful and can interfere with international communication. The rules of diplomatic etiquette define the obligation to respond to the letter (note, congratulations), as well as the need to have an introduction and closing compliments in official correspondence. Business correspondence, compliance with obligations, adherence to diplomatic protocol defining special rules of communication, meetings, including uniform, number of companions, gifts, types of reception, table setting are strictly regulated. Even in a car for diplomatic protocol. Finally, during the years of diplomatic practice, the "language"

of diplomatic etiquette with specific conditions (visa, agreement, accreditation, power of attorney, persona non grata) was formed. In diplomacy, etiquette is purely ceremonial in nature and is often not associated with any practical considerations. Some areas of etiquette, often of a service nature, are commonly referred to as protocol. Diplomatic protocol facilitating international communication or the protocol for holding international meetings and conferences stand out. Diplomatic protocol and rules of etiquette have become synonymous with strict adherence to all norms and rules of not only interstate, but also everyday communication. Strict adherence to etiquette emphasizes respect for the other country. For many years, a special "language" of diplomatic etiquette with its own terms and concepts has been formed in diplomatic practice. These rules should not be ignored. "Missed" gestures of politeness or compliment are tantamount to deliberate disrespect.

Conclusion

Nowadays, the process of interaction and communication between different peoples has become very close. It would be remiss if we did not pay attention to the fact that the customs, traditions, and rules of behavior of the peoples finally got mixed up. Given these circumstances, everyone already knows that the same can be said about the rules of international etiquette, as we have said. about the rules of international etiquette, which include and generalize the moral and behavioral relations of different social groups and nations. It's no secret that knowing and following these elementary rules of etiquette, so to speak, makes life easier and finally helps you feel comfortable and confident in any situation, everyone knows that, everyday, business , also as we said. , international communication.

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