

SPORT AND TRADITIONAL HOLIDAYS IN UK AND THE USA

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Annotation: This article contains some information about the national customs and traditions, sports, and favorite holidays of one of the developed countries, Great Britain and the USA

Key words: “Christmas pudding”, nutshell, entertainment, fascinate, “common land”, the Dutch, ”oval ball”, denomination.

Annotatsiya: Ushbu maqolada rivojlangan davlatlardan biri Buyuk Britaniyaning milliy urf-odat va an’analari, sporti, sevimli bayramlari haqida bir nechta ma’lumotlar keltirilgan.

One of the most important holidays in Great Britain is Christmas, which is traditionally celebrated on December 25. On the eve of Eid, the whole country is lit up with festive lights and lanterns, even families of no religious denomination celebrate. Christmas trees are installed in the squares and living rooms. Houses are also decorated with toys, wreaths, wreaths and mistletoe hanging from the ceiling. It is customary to celebrate Christmas in the family circle, the whole family and relatives gather at the dinner table. The dishes of the Christmas table are strictly traditional - a turkey with baked vegetables is always served, and for dessert the hostess prepares Christmas pudding. Another dish is specially prepared mulled wine. December 26 - the day of gifts - on this day it is customary to exchange souvenirs and take a walk together. On January 5, on the eve of Christian baptism, the twelfth night is celebrated. On this day, it is necessary to remove all festive decorations from the house and the street, otherwise the next year will be unsuccessful. Decorations left in the house must not be removed until next Christmas, or the owner will be unsuccessful. On February 14, lovers celebrate Valentine's Day by exchanging love-themed cards and gifts. Great Britain is a monarchy, the entire population of the country loves and respects the royal family, so the birthday of the queen (king) is a national holiday. For more than 300 years, it has been celebrated separately from the actual birthday of the reigning monarch. The celebration takes place on the first, second or third Saturday of June, with a military parade in honor of the Queen or King, in which all members of the royal dynasty take part. Bright and noisy celebration ends with big fireworks.

Halloween was important, a time when rituals welcomed the old, the bad, the unwanted, and the new. The ancient Britons brought as gifts to the gods of nature,

autumn vegetables, flowers, left them under trees or buried them for help and support. On the night of October 31, it was customary to present a plate of fruit on the street - for a dead enemy, so that they would help the living.

Later, Halloween moved to the United States, where it was almost banned in Europe. When millions of Ireland appeared in a new light, the pumpkin, the symbol of Halloween on the eve of all saints, can be found in every home. This evening, Americans began to dress up in costumes and walk through the neighborhood with food and money. This habit is trick or treating - "hope and then attack." Similar traditions existed in England - on the day of the shower, they asked the rich for food and glue to promise to pray for their dead relatives. British girls believed that on Halloween they could find out the name and appearance of their groom, and they could learn about threads, apples and mirrors. It was possible, and trying to meet the witch, turned the clothes inside out along the way.

The Whiskey Festival takes place from April 30 to May 3. In the valley of the spray tree there are a large number of leko-vodka factories, some of which are known worldwide - "Glenfidick" and "Glenlivet", as well as small distilleries that produce only malt. Most of the festival takes place in Yelgin and Duffuten. The festival program includes factory visits, guided tours with tastings, the freshest food, dancing, museum whiskey (Scotch Skirts), museum whiskey and a competition for the fastest barrel construction.

The world's most famous flower show is traditionally held in London at the end of May. This year, the holiday numbers 20-23 are planned. More than a hundred flower exhibitions from around the world will be presented in the festival pavilions.

The Flower Festival in "Chelsea" is not only the largest exhibition, but in the last days you can buy soft greenhouses in small grays. The first two days are reserved for members of the royal society of the cities.

The main people of Great Britain are the English, who are considered to be the descendants of the Anglo-Saxons, and the English themselves, most of all, live in the south of Scotland. The second ethnic group is the Welsh. Scots, Irish and Olterians, descendants of Irish and natives and descendants of natives live here. In ethnographic literature, the Gaels sometimes live in mountainous areas, the inhabitants of the Norman islands and islands, and the inhabitants of the islands. Also, in modern Britain there are representatives of other nations of the world, including former British colonies.

Among the people of Great Britain, very strong traditions, calendar customs and rituals are preserved, Christmas holidays are especially respected. Many remnants of medieval traditions in the state structure of the country are preserved. People of Great Britain in different regions of the country, ethno festivals are popular in different regions of the country. Thus in Wales they imitate the rites of the ancient Druids.

Here "Celtic" festivals are popular in Scotland, folk songs and dances are performed, boiling game. For the holidays, many men are in traditional Scottish pounds. Among the traditional holidays, St. Andrew's Day is especially popular and is celebrated in November. This saint is the patron saint of fraudsters.

National traditions are also very strong in Northern Ireland, many ancient Celtic holidays are celebrated here. They are accompanied by songs, dances, folk celebrations. The national color is green.

Among the clans are the famous "Helian fees", that is, clans. A large number of folklore works have been preserved, and it is considered a boiled national tool.

It's no secret that everyone has their own customs and traditions. No two cultures in the world are alike. In addition to the real facts, there are also wrong stereotypes about the country, which are sometimes very funny or even absurd. Since English is our everything, let's learn more about the culture, traditions and legends of England.

The British are a unique people with a historically established character. English traditions and customs are known all over the world. The British are the first to come to their senses. They are limited and can surprise even a small fierce person. However, it is only corn. The English are very polite, so they are not in a hurry to express their feelings right away.

Most of the time, even if they don't agree with you, they will politely say "oh me", which I'm afraid is "impossible". English never says sharply "no you" you "you" you "no". If you are dealing with someone from this country, you should always try to think logically. For example, if he You are not honest with him at work, he immediately knows that you will not immediately shake you. In this case, the British are always in their hands and behave correctly. English customs are perfect manners and manners.

The British are very disciplined and always follow accepted rules. They are very positive people. Culturally important in Great Britain, they love to spend time at home with family. Family evening - the best entertainment for the English. A traditional English home always has lots of family photos.

British sport is very difficult to describe in a nutshell. In general, sports are an important part of the daily life of the British. But of all sports, at least two are the most popular among the English: football (soccer), played in winter, and cricket, played in summer.

Cricket is a typically English sport that is difficult for a foreigner to understand. There are 2 teams of 11 people. Meetings last from 1 to 5 days. Many people think of it as a slow and boring game, but many English people find it very exciting.

If you come to England in the summer, you can't help but think of cricket, especially on a weekend or long glorious evening. You've probably seen green fields with white figures looking like they're doing nothing from the train window. It is the

inexplicable charm of the game, its own peace, the calmness of the unfolding of events, that fascinates the "non-cricket" nations.

According to ancient law, there is not an English village that does not often have "common land", a publicly owned cricket ground, or a "country green". Among the peasants - from the oldest to children who can speak. There will always be those who will stubbornly explain the meaning of the game to you.

Also worth mentioning is rugby ("rager"), a variation of English football that allows players to get the ball with their hands. This game is played by teams of 15 people with an oval ball. Often this game is considered cruel.

Other sports such as golf, tennis, bowling (skittles), horse racing are also very popular in England. Young people like traditional athletics - running, jumping, as well as rowing, swimming, boxing. Those who were involved in motorcycle racing, hunting or fishing in their youth will continue to do so even in adulthood.

There are good conditions for winter sports. Skiing and mountaineering are very popular in Scotland.

The British are big fans of sports and love to talk about them when they are not playing or watching games. In Britain, around 29 million people over the age of 16 are regularly involved in sport or physical education.

England is home to many modern sports. That's why most of them have English names. It's usually easy to see why a particular sport has the name it does. For example, baseball is played with a ball and "bases". Basketball is played with a ball and two baskets. Other games are named after the place where they were first played. The name badminton comes from the name of a piece of land owned by an English duke. The game was first played at Duke in 1873. Golf was first played in Scotland, but the name of the game comes from the Dutch word for golf club.

Don't judge a book by its cover". There is no need to judge people by their cover, all nations are unique and all people are unique. The culture of the British is also significantly different from other countries. The customs and traditions of the British are unique and unique. Rule, There are always exceptions to stereotypes.

Learn more about the culture of other countries, adopt their interesting traditions, and despite the development, the traditional customs of Great Britain will inspire you to conquer new verticals.

Used literatures:

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