

**PREVENTION OF COMPLICATIONS OF DENTAL
CARE IN MEDICAL INSTITUTIONS**

Musurmanov Fazliddin, Hayitboev Zafar

Scientific adviser: Muratova Saodat Kadirovna

Samarkand State Medical University the Faculty of Dentistry

Annotation. One of the most common modern therapeutic dentistry – reduction of dental diseases among children and adolescents. In maintaining dental health in the future generation leading role of playing parents. Copying adult behavior is an accounting part of children's bank accounts. Image parents' lives, their habits and skills, dental knowledge and Health indicators influence dental addiction child status.

Keywords: iatrogenic disease, Modern medicine, mandibular canal, therapeutic and surgical treatment

Relevance. Iatrogenesis (Greek Iatros doctor, Genes generated, arising) iatrogenic diseases, this the term has 2 meanings: 1. iatrogenic disease, diseases arising in connection with careless statements of doctors or other representatives of medical personnel that have an effect on the patient's psyche. 2. Pathology of therapy - pathological conditions and diseases caused by diagnostic, preventive and therapeutic actions. Negative consequences of the diagnostic and treatment process have always existed. At different times, they were designated medical errors," "medical errors," "negligence errors," "accidents and medicine," "medicinal," "secondary" diseases," etc. Just the enumeration of the given terms indicates a significant variety of situations in which these "errors" and "defects" arise, as well as their inconsistency ratings, Modern medicine is characterized by an unusually wide and not always sufficiently justified use of a variety of potent drugs, biologically active substances, immunosuppressants, numerous instrumental research methods, complex surgical interventions, etc. 1. Medical error "Everyone has the right to health care and medical care. Medical care in state and municipal health care institutions is provided to citizens free of charge at the expense of the corresponding budget, insurance premiums, and other revenues" Medical error is an unintentional act of inaction of a medical worker (attending physician), subjectively characterized as criminal arrogance or criminal negligence in relation to the performance of their duties in relation to a person seeking medical help, causing the latter physical, material or moral harm.

Medical error is an incorrect action (or inaction) of a doctor, which is based on the imperfection of modern science, ignorance or inability to use existing knowledge in practice. However, we cannot agree with these definitions. One gets the impression that such definitions are consistent put in place by those who have long been

professionally deformed as doctors turned into meat choppers and for them people are all about the products they produce, which can be changed in case of poor quality. If a medical worker (attending physician) conscientiously treats his professional duties, competently applies the knowledge he has acquired, constantly improves the level of his qualifications. At the current level of development of medicine, the likelihood of making a medical error will be minimal. A medical error may contain criminal arrogance, but most often negligence contains the elements of a criminal offense, an administrative offense, an ethical violation, which was the result of careful actions (inaction), accident, improper performance of professional duties, force majeure or conscientious misconception regarding the natural development of the disease or undesirable consequences of treatment.

Negligence refers to those situations where the attending physician did not foresee the possibility of harmful consequences of his actions or inaction for the patient, although, with the necessary care, he foresaw diligence and due regard for his professional duties and duty, he was obliged and should have foreseen these consequences. The professionalism of medical workers is expressed in the fact that in their position a doctor is required to know not only a certain branch of medicine, but also related branches of medicine. Providing high-quality and timely medical care is one of the important problems of modern times. health care, including dentistry, as its most dynamically developing industry. In the last decade, the creation of new socio-economic conditions for the provision of dental care to medical local institutions, equipped with modern equipment and the latest materials and technologies, did not lead to a significant increase in the quality of this type of service. Purpose of the study. To study the quality of dental care based on a clinical and legal analysis of complications and medical errors made by doctors during the therapeutic and surgical treatment of dental patients,

Objectives of the study:

1. To study the adverse outcomes of treatment of diseases and tooth extractions complicated by oroantral perforation, the presence of foreign bodies in the sinus, removal of root sealant into the area of the maxillary sinus and mandibular canal, on this basis to analyze crab errors.
2. Conduct a sociological study of dental respondents on issues of their legal competence.
3. Analyze the legal, social, and economic consequences of poor quality dental care for the patients under study.
4. To develop an algorithm for the prevention of complications and medical errors in the treatment of patients with odontogenic foci of infection, which contributes to the quality of dental care in medical treatment preventive institutions and is aimed at respecting the rights of the patient and doctor.

Conclusions.

1. Perforated forms of maxillary sinusitis, resulting from a technical error by a dental surgeon, account for 80.7% of patients hospitalized with odontogenic maxillary sinuses; in 90.8% of cases, the development of the inflammatory process in the sinus is facilitated by untimely diagnosis of oroantral perforation and late provision of specialized medical care.

2. In 17.6% of the analyzed patients, the presence of intrasinocularly located foreign bodies (crowns, roots of teeth, objects of dressing material) was detected. Technical errors of dentists during endodontic treatment of chronic foci of infection in the teeth of the upper and lower jaw lead to the development of inflammatory and neurogenic complications in 99% of cases.

3. It is known that in the realities of today it cannot be said that the only judge of the doctor's actions is conscience. Modern development of healthcare and medical law indicates the adequate state of the gas regulation mechanisms and gives medicine itself an orderly, balanced character.

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